7 February 2018	ITEM: 12
	Decision 0110461
Cabinet	
Medium Term Financial Str	ategy And Draft Budget Update
Wards and communities affected:	Key Decision:
All	Key
Report of: Councillor Shane Hebb, Po	ortfolio Holder for Finance
Accountable Assistant Director: Not	Applicable
Accountable Director: Sean Clark, D	irector of Finance and IT
This report is public	

Executive Summary

Cabinet considered the draft budget at their meeting on 10 January 2018. This report has been updated to reflect comments from the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee held on 23 January 2018.

In addition to the savings proposals that were set out in the report to Council in February 2017, which covered the period 2017/18 to 2020/21, Service/Transformation Review proposals continue to be developed and progress to date is summarised in the body of this report at paragraph 3.2. No further savings or efficiencies are being proposed at this time due to the success of the investment approach which has delivered a balanced budget over the 2 year period 2018/19 and 2019/20.

The proposals have been through a Transformation Board challenge and refined to reflect deliverability based on current knowledge and progress against 2017/18 targets. The allocation of budgets to services is set out in appendix 2 so as to inform Cabinet of overall changes to Directorate budgets. These are draft and will be updated in future reports as allocations are refined.

The draft Local Government Settlement was announced on 19 December 2017. Whilst the grant settlement for Thurrock Council is broadly as forecast previously within the MTFS, the cap on increasing the non-Adult Social Care element of the council tax has been increased by 1% to 2.99%. This report sets out the financial impact of this announcement on the MTFS.

The Council has a statutory requirement to set a balanced budget annually and to review its adequacy of reserves. As reported at the last meeting, these budget proposals provide a balanced budget for the next two years and the General Fund Balance now stands at £11m, an increase of 38% in less than 2 years.

- 1 Recommendations to Full Council:
- 1.1 That the Cabinet propose a 3% council tax increase towards the cost of Adult Social Care;
- 1.1 That the Cabinet propose a 2.99% council tax increase to meet the increasing costs and demands of all other services and to move the council towards greater financial sustainability for the medium to longer term; and
- 1.2 That the Cabinet agree to the budget proposals set out throughout this report and appendices.
- 2 Introduction and Background
- 2.1 All Members are aware of the financial pressures that local authorities have experienced in previous years and that all face a challenge to become financially self-sustainable.
- 2.2 At its meeting on 10 January 2018, Cabinet received updates on changes to the MTFS that included:
 - a) Improved forecasts for investments;
 - b) Assumed income from a second Thurrock Regeneration Ltd scheme;
 - c) A reduction in the proposed transformation savings in 2018/19 after reviewing implementation timescales; and
 - d) An improvement in the prudential borrowing impact of financing the new environment fleet through changes to the accounting for the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP).
- 2.3 In addition, it was reported at that meeting that the general council tax could be increased by 2.99% in addition to the 3% Adult Social Care precept. Considering the continuing direction of travel towards financial sustainability, officers are recommending that this higher increase be recommended to council on 28 February 2018 and the figures within this report have been amended accordingly.
- 2.4 Whilst this report sets out a balanced budget for the next two years, Cabinet needs to consider the fact that there is still a budget gap in year three and for the following years. It is important to build a sustainable income base for the future from both ongoing investments and the council tax base.
- 2.5 Thurrock Council still has the third lowest council tax amongst all Unitary Authorities and, subsequently, the third lowest budget spend on services for local residents. Increasing the council tax base is an important element of long term financial sustainability and spending power figures published by government assumes the full increases of 2.99% over the next 2 years.

- 2.6 Whilst it is acknowledged that any increase in household bills/council tax is difficult for residents, the impact of the additional 1% to a 2.99% increase is as follows:
 - a) The council would raise an additional £620k per annum, an additional £1.25m if the maximum increase was supported for each of the next two years; and
 - b) These amounts have added to the surplus position set out in section 3 and be available for one off expenditure.
- 2.7 The table below sets out the average impact on a household in each band when considering the various discounts and support already in place:

Band	Band	Prope	erties	Average	Average 1%	
Dallu	Charge	No.	%	Charge	Increase p.a.	
Α	£968	7,423	11.0	£569	£6	
В	£1,130	13,402	19.93	£840	£8	
С	£1,291	26,679	39.67	£1,083	£11	
D	£1,453	12,105	18.00	£1,297	£13	
E	£1,776	4,589	6.82	£1,642	£16	
F	£2,098	2,210	3.29	£2,008	£20	
G	£2,421	802	1.19	£2,279	£23	
Н	£2,905	42	0.06	£2,702	£27	
TOTALS		67,252	100.00	£1,100	£11	

- 2.8 For over 70% of residents, the additional 1% increase in council tax equates to a maximum of 25 pence per week but averages out, after discounts, to between 11 pence and 21 pence.
- 2.9 After the endorsement of the Independent Finance Peer Review in June 2017, the council continued with the Council Spending Review (CSR) approach that concentrates on meeting the budget pressures through:
 - a) Increased income this can be through fees and charges, the trading of core services and investments from the treasury or property function;
 - More or same for less focussing on better value from contracts and wider procurement, reducing spend on agency staff and more efficient processes; and
 - c) Reducing the growth pressures in demand led services such as concentrating on early intervention.
- 2.10 This is underpinned by a detailed review of all services and is delivered through a number of officer Boards that ultimately brings proposals through the CSR to Overview and Scrutiny Committees and Cabinet.
- 2.11 Before considering future years it is important to recognise any impacts from the current year. Cabinet have received two update reports in recent months with the most recent report on 13 December 2017 setting out net pressures of

£0.475m for the current financial year. Whilst officers are confident that this will be balanced by year end, there are main areas of concern within both Children's and Environment and Highways Services. To recognise this, £2.5m has been included within the MTFS as growth to meet any ongoing pressures.

3 Draft 2018/19 Budget and Future Forecasts

- 3.1 The MTFS attached at Appendix 1 sets out net pressures before investments of £15.0m. This figure assumes a number of savings from the Transformation Boards that were, in the main, identified during 2016/17 and included within the MTFS presented to Council in February 2017.
- 3.2 In addition, cross cutting service reviews are focused on four key areas for 2018/19 resulting in an target income growth/operating cost saving of £930k:

Service Area	Target Income Growth/Operating Cost Saving
ICT	£170k
Transport	}
Children's Social Care	} } £760k across these three service
Business Resource	areas }

- 3.3 Following the Council meeting on 25 October 2017, officers have been actively following a number of investment opportunities that have not only significantly contributed to an improved 2018/19 budget position but also realised unbudgeted income in 2017/18 as a one-off.
- 3.4 Along with income from a second Thurrock Regeneration Ltd (TRL) scheme, the summarised budget position for the medium term now stands at:

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
	£m	£m	£m
MTFS Budget Pressures	5.28	5.58	4.12
Surplus Brought Forward		(3.11)	(1.28)
Known Investments	(7.85)	(3.70)	
Thurrock Regeneration Ltd	(0.54)	(0.05)	(0.01)
Total	(3.11)	(1.28)	2.83

3.5 As can be seen, supporting an investment approach to accompany the CSR approach has delivered a surplus budget for 2018/19 and 2019/20.

3.6 Points to note:

- The budget surplus in 2018/19 and 2019/20 should only be used for one off expenditure and/or as a contribution to reserves. By not committing this surplus to ongoing expenditure the surplus carries forward to 2020/21 and reduces the projected deficit;
- As previously reported, investments should be a balanced portfolio of cash (loan type) investments and property related. Although the former are sound investments, they are generally short in life and so should complement property related investments that deliver a longer term income streams.
 Without this, the council is simply storing up future budget pressures as short term investments reach their conclusion; and
- Income relating to Thurrock Regeneration Ltd (TRL) currently reflects just one additional scheme. The delivery of more TRL schemes would improve the council's financial MTFS position further.
- 3.7 This balanced investment approach is required to make further headway into 2020/21 and beyond to ensure the progress made towards financial self-sustainability as an authority is maintained and built on.
- 3.8 Budget savings are summarised in Appendix 2 and draft allocations are set out in Appendix 3. The Committee should note that these have been updated from those considered by Cabinet due to the draft allocation of the various growth provisions.

4 Issues, Options and Analysis of Options

- 4.1 This report sets out the changes to the current year budget that are proposed for 2018/19. Due to the adoption of an investment approach, the impact on services is limited compared to previous years and allows for significant growth within the Adult's, Children's and Environmental services.
- 4.2 Council tax increases are recommended and, indeed, required to continue towards financial self-sustainability by 2020. The ability to increase the core council tax element by 2.99% is welcomed and would go some way towards achieving financial sustainability in the medium to long term.
- 4.3 The report also sets out surpluses in both the current financial year and 2018/19. Cabinet are asked to consider how these balances should be utilised. It is recommended that they only be used for one off expenditure and/or a contribution as any commitment to ongoing expenditure will increase the budget deficits in future years as the budgets become a core requirement.

5 Reasons for Recommendation

5.1 The Council has a statutory requirement to set a balanced budget annually and to review its adequacy of reserves. This report sets out a balanced budget for 2018/19 whilst the previous report set out an increase to £11m for the General Fund Balance and an additional reserve to support the Council in reducing the net budget over the medium term.

6 Consultation (including Overview and Scrutiny, if applicable)

- 6.1 The budget planning governance structure includes involvement and consultation with officers, Portfolio Holders and Members. The process includes the Council Spending Review Panel, made up of cross-party Group Leaders and Deputies who meet regularly during the budget planning period and ahead of key decision points.
- 6.2 The Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee considered the budget proposals at their meeting on 23 January 2018. At that meeting, the Director of Finance and IT was questioned on the achievability of the People related savings, specifically any savings attributed to reducing sickness when considering the quarterly review of the performance indicator shows no improvement.
- 6.3 It was explained that the People savings are to be met from the overall staffing costs of the authority and areas such as sickness, overtime and agency are just some areas being targeted. In addition, when you consider the fact that there are also similar savings in 2017/18, the in-year budget pressures have not come from the non-achievement of savings but in demand led services.
- 6.4 The committee did not give a view on the level of council tax. The committee did recognise the need to consider the medium to longer term and that a five year MTFS may well influence decision making on this issue.

7 Impact on corporate policies, priorities, performance and community impact

- 7.1 The implementation of previous savings proposals has already reduced service delivery levels and our ability to meet statutory requirements, impacting on the community and staff. There is a risk that some agreed savings may result in increased demand for more costly interventions if needs escalate particularly in social care. The potential impact on the Council's ability to safeguard children and adults will be kept carefully under review and mitigating actions taken where required.
- 7.2 There are increases to both the Adults' and Children's budgets and the MTFS also provides additional funding for the Environment Service to meet current pressures and those expected in the future as contracts are renewed.

8 Implications

8.1 Financial

Implications verified by: Sean Clark

Director of Finance and IT

Council officers have a legal responsibility to ensure that the Council can contain spend within its available resources. Regular budget monitoring reports will continue to come to Cabinet and be considered by the Directors Board and management teams in order to maintain effective controls on expenditure during this period of enhanced risk. Austerity measures in place are continually reinforced across the Council in order to reduce ancillary spend and to ensure that everyone is aware of the importance and value of every pound of the taxpayers money that is spent by the Council.

This draft budget report sets out a balanced budget for 2018/19 and identifies funding to be used for one off expenditure for the council's priorities.

The ability to increase council tax by 2.99% needs to be carefully considered and should be discussed at both the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee and Cabinet to inform the Council budget setting meeting.

In addition, the report sets out an increase to the General Fund Balance of £3m to £11m and sets aside funding to facilitate additional work towards achieving financial self-sustainability.

8.2 Legal

Implications verified by: David Lawson

Assistant Director of Law & Governance - Monitoring Officer

There are no direct legal implications arising from this report.

There are statutory requirements of the Council's Section 151 Officer in relation to setting a balanced budget. The Local Government Finance Act 1988 (Section 114) prescribes that the responsible financial officer "must make a report if he considers that a decision has been made or is about to be made involving expenditure which is unlawful or which, if pursued to its conclusion, would be unlawful and likely to cause a loss or deficiency to the authority". This includes an unbalanced budget.

8.3 Diversity and Equality

Implications verified by: Natalie Warren

Community Development and Equalities

Manager

There are no specific diversity and equalities implications as part of this report. A comprehensive Community and Equality Impact Assessment (CEIA) will be completed for any specific savings proposals developed and informed by consultation outcomes to feed into final decision making. The cumulative impact will also be closely monitored and reported to Members.

8.4 Other implications (where significant – i.e. Staff, Health, Sustainability, Crime and Disorder)

Any other significant implications will be identified in any individual savings proposal business case to inform the consultation process where applicable and final decision making.

- 9 **Background papers used in preparing the report** (including their location on the Council's website or identification whether any are exempt or protected by copyright):
 - Budget working papers held in Corporate Finance
 - Budget Review Panel papers held in Strategy and Communications

10 Appendices to the report

- Appendix 1 Medium Term Financial Strategy
- Appendix 2 Summary of CSR Savings
- Appendix 3 Draft allocation of growth and savings to services

Report Authors:

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MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY

	2018/19	2019/20		2020/21		
Narrative	£000	£000		£000		
	2000	1		200		
Local Funding						
Council Tax Base / Charge	(2,521)	(2,596)		(2,025)		
Council Tax Social Care Precept	(1,869)	(2,000)		0		
Council Tax Collection Fund Surplus	558	0		0		
<u>'</u>	(3,8	32)	(2,596)	_	(2,025)	
Business Rates Growth	(933)	(378)		(658)		
Business Rates - Collection Fund Deficit	(1,773)	. 0		Ò		
	(2,7	06)	(378)		(658)	
Total Government Resources		!				
Revenue Support Grant	3,962	4,000		658		
Transfer to funding formula under 100% retention	0	0		0		
New Homes Bonus	673	122		0		
Other Central Grants - ESG & HB and Ctax Admin Subsidy	375	300	4 400	300 _		
	5,	010	4,422		958	
Net Additional (Reduction) in resources	(1,5	27)	1,449		(1,726)	
Inflation and other general increases						
Pay award at 2%, Increments and legislative changes	2,181	2,098		2,098		
Waste contract inflation	403	371		389		
Non Contract Inflation - Utilities and Fuel and Oil	100	100		100		
Levy adjustment	45	54		0 _		
	2,	729	2,623		2,587	
Demographic, Economic and Capital Growth:	4 000			•		
Adult Social Care Demand linked to ASC precept	1,869	0		0		
Contingency to Meet Growth Pressures	4,802	3,740	0.740	2,500 _	4.404	
Complete Decime Delegated and Strategic Decade	b ,	671	3,740		4,164	
Services Design Principals and Strategic Boards Procurement Total	(70)	(105)		0		
Commercial Total) / /	(371)		(100)		
Customer & Demand Management Total	(572) (100)	(371)		(100)		
Digital Total	(147)	(130)		0		
People Total	(500)	(500)		0		
Property Total	(275)	(200)		0		
Service Reviews	(930)	(920)		(800)		
		94)	(2,226)	()	(900)	
Total Savings to Identify	5	<u> </u> 279	5,585		4,126	
Total ournings to lucitary	,		0,000		7,120	
C/f Position			(3,111)		(1,279)	
Cash Investments	0	0		0		
Thurrock regeneration ltd loan arrangements - Belmont	Ů	!		Ů		
Only	(540)	(53)		(14)		
Other known property related investments	0	0		0		
Known Investments	(7,850)	(3,700)		0		
		90)	(3,753)		(14)	
Working Totals	(3.1	11)	(1,279)		2,833	
	(0,1	,	(1,=:0)		_,000	

SAVINGS BY CSR BOARD

Board	Proposal	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Procurement	Savings to be delivered through effective procurement and contract management	70	105	-
Commercial	Further income through the expansion and development of traded services	302	271	-
Commercial	Growth in fees and charges income reflecting 17/18 forecasts and review of fees and charges, mainly through volume increases as a direct result of service areas understanding and acting upon market and competitor information	270	100	100
Customer & Demand Management	Customer Services Strategy	100	-	-
ICT / Digital	Citizen Journeys - "Enabling citizens and customers to do business with the council digitally"	37	90	-
ICT / Digital	Legacy Application Rationalisation and Unified Comms	110	40	-
People	Savings to be delivered through ongoing review of employee related costs including reducing use of high cost agency staff, effective attendance management and reviewing overtime arrangements	500	500	-
Property	Rental income stretch target - annual increase in rent roll through lease reviews and renewals	200	200	-
Property	Corporate Landlord model - reduction in running costs through economies of scale	75	-	-
Service Review	Service Review savings to be identified through ongoing review process	930	920	800
		2,594	2,226	900

INDICATIVE SERVICE BUDGET IMPACT 2018/19

			1	Customer &						
	2017/18	MTFS		Demand	ICT/				Service	Indicative
	Current	Growth,	Commercial	Management	Digital	People	Procurement	Property	Review	Budget
	Budget	etc	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	2018/19
Service	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Environment	16,485	1,765	(106)	1000	1000	(90)	1000	1000	1000	18,054
Transportation & Highways	5,860	219	(100)			(7)				6,072
Environment and Highways Total	22,345	1,984	(106)	0	0	(97)	0	0	0	24,126
Planning & Growth	2,818	50	(14)			(22)				2,832
Regeneration	720	100	(95)			(4)				721
Transport	330	8	(55)			(4)				338
Assets	1,659	233				(6)		(275)		1,611
Place Total	5,527	391	(109)	0	0	(32)	0	(275)	0	5.502
Care & Targeted Outcomes	28,018	986	(103)	0	0	(178)	(10)	(2/3)	0	28,799
Central Administration Support and Other	1,357	(193)	(17)			(9)	(10)			1,155
	-	(65)	(74)			(19)				
Learning & Universal Outcomes School Transport	6,616 805	(65)	(74)			(19)	(55)		-	6,458 750
Children's Services Total	36,796	728	(91)	0	0	(206)	(65)	0	0	37,162
External Placements	•	1,898		U	U	(206)	. ,	U	U	23,615
	21,824	<u> </u>	(7)			(0.4)	(100)			
Provider Services	9,625	(36)	(1)			(94)				9,494
External Commissioning	1,914	0	(2)			(2)				1,910
Public Health	424	(424)				(0)				0
Community Development & Libraries	1,869	(211)	(1.0)			(6)	(100)			1,652
Adults; Housing and Health Total	35,656	1,227	(10)	0	0	(102)	(100)	0	0	36,671
Homelessness	479	0				(5)				474
Private Sector Housing	1,775	0	()			(2)				1,773
Travellers	(75)	4	(46)	_	_	<i>t</i> =1	-	_	_	(117)
Housing General Fund Total	2,179	4	(46)	0	0	(7)	0	0	0	2,130
Corporate Finance	1,950	139	(190)			(9)				1,890
Cashiers	70	0								70
Chief Executive	197	58				(1)				254
ICT	3,883	50			(110)	(11)				3,812
Revenue and Benefits	1,718	12			(12)	(5)	(5)			1,708
Democratic Services	190	0				(1)				189
Members Services	722	0								722
Electoral Services	440	0								440
Finance and Information Technology Total	9,170	259	(190)	0	(122)	(27)	(5)	0	0	9,085
HR & OD	4,466	(7)				(6)				4,453
HR; OD and Transformation Total	4,466	(7)	0	0	0	(6)	0	0	0	4,453
Corporate Strategy & Communications	1,693	50	(20)	(100)	(25)	(6)				1,592
Social Care Performance	898	0				(2)				896
Strategy, Communications and Customer Services Total	2,591	50	(20)	(100)	(25)	(8)	0	0	0	2,488
Legal Services	857	150				(11)				996
Legal Total	857	150	0	0	0	(11)	0	0	0	996
Commercial Services	561	0				(3)	100			658
Commercial Services Total	561	0	0	0	0	(3)	100	0	0	658

Appendix 3

INDICATIVE SERVICE BUDGET IMPACT 2018/19

Corporate Finance	(7,010)	5,314								(1,696)
Investment Income	0	(8,390)								(8,390)
Contribution to reserves	0	3,111								3,111
Savings to be Allocated	0	0							(930)	(930)
Central Expenses Total	(7,010)	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	(930)	(7,906)
Council Tax Income	(61,682)	(4,349)								(66,030)
New Homes Bonus	(3,530)	377								(3,153)
NNDR Income	(34,481)	(932)								(35,413)
Collection Fund Balances	1,215	(1,285)								(70)
Revenue Support Grant	(14,660)	3,962								(10,698)
Revenue Funding Total	(113,138)	(2,227)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(115,364)
Grand Total	0	2,594	(572)	(100)	(147)	(500)	(70)	(275)	(930)	0